CORRESPONDENCE.

FOUR CENTURIES OF MASSACRE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "SPECTATOR."

SIR,—During the last summer's vacation I attended a电池 lecture on the four centuries of massacre in Turkey, and I am writing to you to ask whether you could find it in your power to print the following notes taken from a graphic description of the disaster in Konstantinopel by the Archbishop of Kyrenia.

"At last the boom of cannon ceased, only to be succeeded by the cries and groans of the dying. Children were snatched from their mothers, and old and young were butchered without discrimination. The Turks, as a rule, spared no one; they butchered the old, the young, the men, the women, and the children. They flayed the living, and then formed the heads and the limbs and the bodies of the cadavers into shields and spears, and ranged them along the streets. They made their horses ride through the mass of bodies, and not a soul could escape."

The massacre was not confined to the capital alone; it spread over all Asia Minor. In Amiusho, another town of the Indies, a great massacre took place, in which the enemy were not allowed to escape. In Persia, too, it is said to have been very general. In the evening a bazaar was held; first the boys and girls were sold by auction; then followed the jewellery and the rest of the spoils."